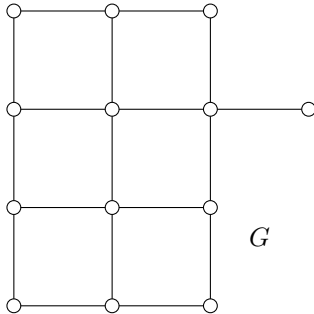


Name: _____

Score: _____

Directions: This is a closed-book, closed notes test. Please answer in the space provided. You *may not* use calculators, computers, etc.

1. (16 points) A graph G is drawn below. Label each vertex with its eccentricity. State the radius and diameter of G . Indicate the center of G .



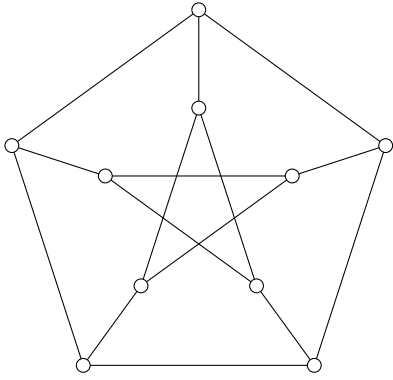
2. (6 points) Decide if the sequence $s : 4 \ 4 \ 4 \ 4 \ 3 \ 2$ is graphical. Show your work and/or explain your reasoning.

3. (16 points) Suppose G is a graph of order n , and $\deg(v) \geq \frac{n-1}{2}$ for every $v \in V(G)$. Prove that G is connected.

4. (10 points) Let G be a connected graph on at least three vertices, and let $e = uv$ be a bridge of G . Show that either u or v is a cut vertex of G .

5. (12 points) What does it mean for a graph to be reconstructible? Give an example (with explanation) of a graph of small order that is not reconstructible.

6. (12 points) Consider the Petersen Graph, sketched below.



Supply the following numeric information. (For *this* problem you do not have to justify your answers.)

- (a) The connectivity is $\kappa(G) =$
- (b) The edge-connectivity $\kappa_1(G) =$
- (c) The toughness is $t(G) =$

7. (6 points) Suppose a forest has 1000 vertices and 800 edges. How many components does it have?

8. (12 points) Suppose G is a planar graph with 16 vertices, each of degree 4. It is embedded in the plane so that every region is either a triangle or a quadrangle. How many triangles and how many quadrangles does this embedding have? Explain.

9. (10 points) Establish the planarity or non-planarity of this graph. If it is planar, provide a rectilinear plane drawing.

