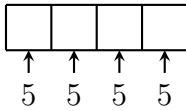


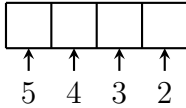
1. This problem concerns lists made from the five symbols C, O, U, N, T.

(a) How many length-4 lists are there if repetition is allowed?



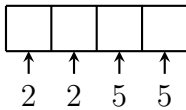
Answer: $5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 = \boxed{625}$

(b) How many length-4 lists are there if repetition is **not** allowed?



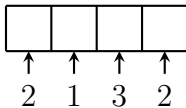
Answer: $5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 = \boxed{120}$

(c) How many length-4 lists are there if repetition is allowed, and the first two entries are vowels?



Answer: $2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 = \boxed{100}$

(d) How many length-4 lists are there if repetition is **not** allowed, and the first two entries are vowels?

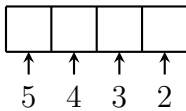


Answer: $2 \cdot 1 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 = \boxed{12}$



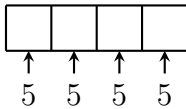
1. This problem concerns lists made from the five digits 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.

(a) How many length-4 lists are there if repetition is **not** allowed?



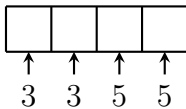
Answer: $5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 = \boxed{120}$

(b) How many length-4 lists are there if repetition is allowed?



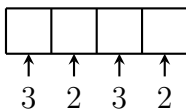
Answer: $5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 = \boxed{625}$

(c) How many length-4 lists are there if repetition is allowed, and the first two entries are odd?



Answer: $3 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 = \boxed{225}$

(d) How many length-4 lists are there if repetition is **not** allowed, and the first two entries odd?

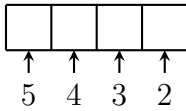


Answer: $3 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 = \boxed{36}$



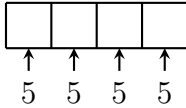
1. This problem concerns lists made from the five digits 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.

(a) How many length-4 lists are there if repetition is **not** allowed?



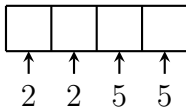
Answer: $5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 = \boxed{120}$

(b) How many length-4 lists are there if repetition is allowed?



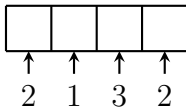
Answer: $5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 = \boxed{625}$

(c) How many length-4 lists are there if repetition is allowed, and the first two entries are even?



Answer: $2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 = \boxed{100}$

(d) How many length-4 lists are there if repetition is **not** allowed, and the first two entries even?

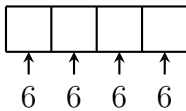


Answer: $2 \cdot 1 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 = \boxed{12}$



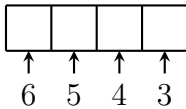
1. This problem concerns lists made from the six symbols L, I, S, T, E, D.

(a) How many length-4 lists are there if repetition is allowed?



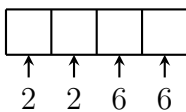
Answer: $6 \cdot 6 \cdot 6 \cdot 6 = \boxed{1296}$

(b) How many length-4 lists are there if repetition is **not** allowed?



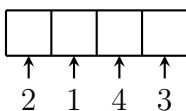
Answer: $6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 = \boxed{360}$

(c) How many length-4 lists are there if repetition is allowed, and the first two entries are vowels?



Answer: $2 \cdot 2 \cdot 6 \cdot 6 = \boxed{144}$

(d) How many length-4 lists are there if repetition is **not** allowed, and the first two entries are vowels?



Answer: $2 \cdot 1 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 = \boxed{24}$